Mastering Number at Home

Reception







Aims of the session

- Share with you some of the things your child will be learning in school
- Improve your confidence in helping your child with maths
- Create some games and activities for use at home
- Share with you the home learning activities



Why engage you in your child's learning?

Research evidence suggests that when parents are engaged in their children's learning, outcomes for children can be improved.

Research also highlights the fact that parents feel they need more support to understand the current curriculum content and how they can support their child with their learning at home.

Desforges, C. and Abouchaar, A. (2003); Goodall, J. and Vorhaus, J. (2011); The Education Endowment Foundation (2019); Sarjeant, S. (2021)



BBC News Report 2006

69% of parents do not help children with their homework because...

Everything has changed since they were at school and they are not confident in the new methods.

BBC News Report 2010

82% of parents feel unable to help pupils with their homework.



The 'problem' with maths

"My dad thinks that the way **he** does maths is easier and better than **my** way but he doesn't understand my way and his way confuses me."

That's not the way we do it in school!

Pupil – Catford High School



How does Mastering Number help us to teach maths in school?

The Mastering Number Programme in Reception will help your child to develop good *number sense*.

Some of the things they are learning include:



Counting



Recognising small numbers of objects and making their own collections



Know different ways to 'make' (compose) a number



Let's do some maths!



Look out for when you can use your subitising skills! Get those fast eyes ready!



































Subitising

Subitising is the ability to recognise a *small quantity* of objects *without the need to count*.

Sometimes when we subitise we can see two groups at once; if we know that 3 can be 'made' of 2 and 1, then we know how many there are altogether without counting.



How will knowing how numbers are 'made' help?

If children know that **4 can be made of 3 and 1**, they can apply this knowledge later on to see that:

30 and 10 is 40 300 and 100 is 400 and that; 400 take away 100 is 300



Play 'Subitising to 3 snap'

Don't count, say the amount!





On your tables you will have a set of cards like this.

Spread the cards out





Take turns to turn two cards over and say the number you can see.

If the numbers do not match, place them back and try to remember where they are in case you need them later.





When it is your turn, if you turn over two cards that are the same, you can keep them.

The winner is the person with the most cards when they are all used up.

In Weeks 3 and 5, you will receive extra cards to practise subitising with bigger numbers. Don't throw your cards away!



Play 'Part-part-whole'



Find 2 parts that make a whole.



Cut carefully around each of the images. Lay the cut cards face-up on a flat surface in front of you. Take it in turns with the grown-up. Look for two images that look like they are part of a whole. Pick them up and say 'part' 'part'. Put them together and say 'whole.' You will see cards on your table that look like this.

Spread the cards out and place them face up on the table.









Part-part-whole with dots



In Week 3, you will play 'part-part-whole' with dots.

One person will pick up a card, and the other person must pick up the card that will 'make 4'.



Play '3 frogs on a log'

You will need...



3 frogs (counters)

The frogs on a log sheet





Week 2

You will also need to show the numbers on your fingers!





Put 3 frogs on the log



Ask your child

Show with your fingers: How many are on the log? How many in the pool? How many altogether?



Put 1 frog in the pool.



Is it still three? Show with your fingers: How many are on the log? How many in the pool? How many altogether?



Put another frog in the pool.

Ask your child

Is it still three? Show with your fingers: How many are on the log? How many in the pool? How many altogether?



Put another frog in the pool.

Ask your child



Is it still three? Show with your fingers: How many are on the log? How many in the pool? How many altogether?



In Week 4, you will play this game again with 4 frogs... or even 5!


Play '3 or NOT 3?'

This activity involves spotting when there are 3 of an object or explaining why there are NOT 3.





Week 2 (Image © Alphablocks)

Put your thumb UP if you can see 3, and down if it is NOT 3.





(Image © Alphablocks)















































































Play '3 or NOT 3?' with counters

You will need 5 counters and something to cover them.







Hide some counters under the towel.





Reveal them quickly and ask your child...







In Week 4, you will try this with different numbers...







Now ask: 'What do you need to do to make it 3?'



Home Learning

You will be given the games you need for the home learning and some counters.

The home learning for each week is set out on a sheet with instructions. You will receive one week of activities at a time.

Please make sure your child's Home Learning pack is in school at the start of each week, so that we can put the new learning in for them to take home.

We will put the new week's learning into their packs each Monday. Remember to save your resources!



Mastering Number at Home

Reception - Week 1







We would love you to share your Home Learning with us!





Early Learning Goal- Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including doubling facts



Early Learning Goal- Numerical patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the numerical pattern of the counting system
- Compare quantities up to ten in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is great than, less than or the same as the other quantity
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally



References:

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Thank you!

